Four Functions of Supervision (Adapted from Morrison 2010)

Management:

Knowing the supervisee and helping them assess how well they are fulfilling their role

- Role and Task Clarity (own and other agencies)
- Policy and procedures understood
- Expectations are clarified
- Quality assuring and giving feedback
- Audit and compliance monitoring
- The worker understands the limits and use of personal, statutory and agency authority
- Plans are reviewed and completed within the agency and statutory framework
- Standards of record keeping are maintained
- The worker understands the tensions and limits to autonomy and accountability and when to consult the supervisor
- The workload is appropriate
- The work is undertaken within a safe environment

Development:

Helping the supervisee to reflect on out work and themselves in their work, so they can learn and adapt

- Appraisal
- Help the worker develop skills and competence
- understanding the workers theoretical base, knowledge, skills and values
- Understanding the workers learning style and blocks to learning
- Supporting the worker in setting professional goals
- Regular feedback and reflection on themselves at work
- Learning from success and mistakes
- Supporting the application of theory in practice
- Feedback to the supervisor about how supervision works for them and how it can be improved

Support:

Helping the supervisory process the emotional impact of the work we do

- Validate the worker as a professional and an individual
- Clarify the boundaries between support/supervision and counselling
- Clarify the limitations of confidentiality
- Support the worker in expressing complex and powerful emotions
- Help the worker explore emotional blocks within the work
- To monitor and attend to the workers levels of stress, motivation and well-being
- To explore issues about diversity, discrimination, harassment, bullying in a safe setting
- To assist the worker in exploring and improving difficult/conflicted relationships
- To clarify when the worker should be advised to seek external counselling and its relationship with performance monitoring

Mediation:

Helping the supervisee to negotiate their relationship with the social and organisational context of our work

- Negotiate and clarify the team's role and responsibilities
- Brief managers about resource deficits or implications
- Help the worker use resources efficiently
- Represent staff needs to hire management
- Consult and brief staff about organisational development
- Support staff through transitions when change occurs
- Represent, advocate or accompany staff in work with other agencies
- Involve and support staff in decision-making
- Provide clarity about what can be influenced within the organisation from the role
- Advocate with other teams/ organisations
- Deal sensitively with complaints